Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2019

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

# The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Buchanan, New York

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Water funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Notes 2D and 3D in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the Village's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

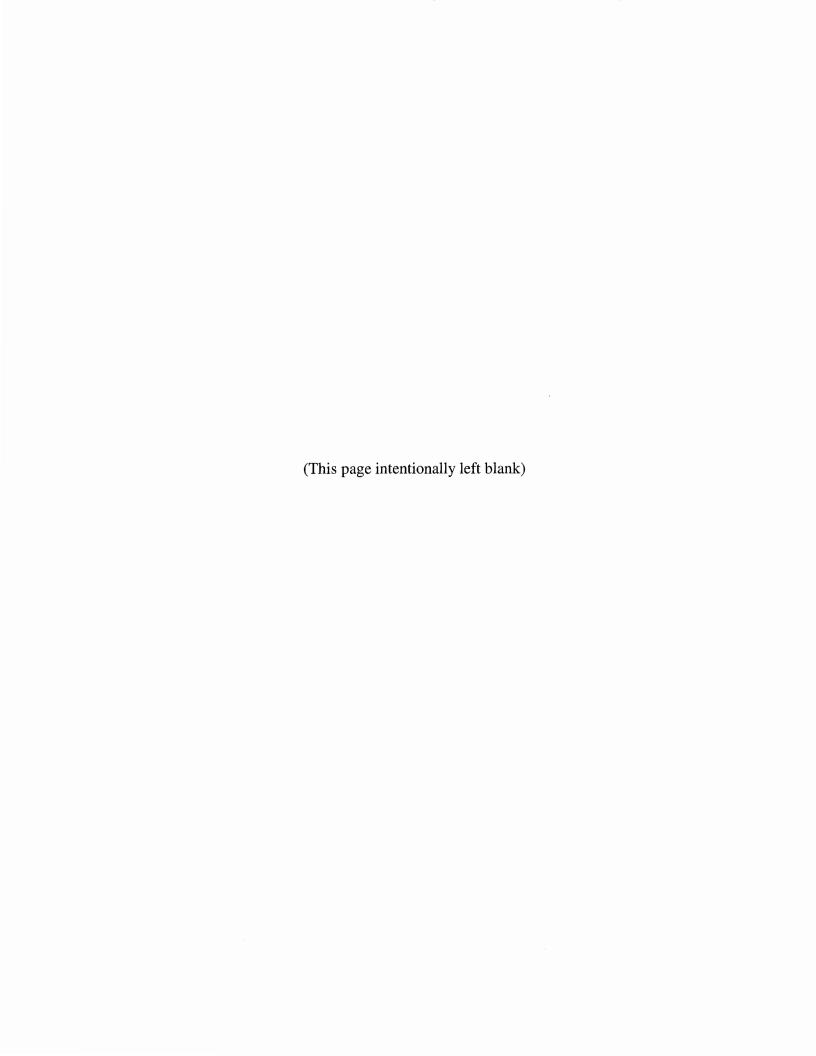
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended May 31, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2018.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York November 26, 2019



## Village of Buchanan

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2019

The Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village"), presents this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") as an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019. This MD&A focuses on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the notes to the Village's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

### Financial Highlights

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$15,165,262.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,158,648. This amount is inclusive of the Capital Projects Fund balance of \$384,558.
- The Village's total net position decreased by \$519,481. Total revenues amounted to \$9,879,817 and were \$381,799 more than 2018. The majority of this increase was due to the fact that in 2019 the Village water sales increased by \$357,428.
- Total expenses amounted to \$10,399,298 and were \$893,930 more than 2018. The
  majority of the increase was in Home and Community Services in the Water Fund for the
  replacement and installation of smart water meters.
- For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial establishing standards for recognizing reporting for OPEB bv deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. This statement supersedes the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting By Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary distinction between the two standards is that since no mechanism exists under current New York State law for New York municipalities and school districts to pre-fund these obligations in an irrevocable trust, entities must now report their total OPEB liability as opposed to the net OPEB liability that has been reported under the prior standard. As a result of adopting these standards, the government-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$(13,354,427).

#### **Overview of Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements present the Village as a single, unified entity and are intended to give the reader a broad perspective of the Village's financial condition. These statements closely resemble the financial statements of a private sector entity.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Village's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information indicating how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds but not the Village as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the Village has other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All of the funds of the Village of Buchanan can be divided into two categories, government funds and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Water Fund, Special Purpose Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered major funds. The Village has no non-major funds.

Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund and Water Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. In the Capital Projects Fund, budgets are established on an individual project basis.

## Fiduciary Fund

The Village is the trustee or fiduciary for its Fire Service Awards Program, as well as certain amounts held on behalf of others. All of the Village's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. These resources are held by the Village purely in a custodial capacity.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$15,165,262 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position, \$3,619,147, is its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and machinery and equipment), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and as a result these assets are not available for

future spending. Although the Village's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following table provides a summary of the Village's net position as of:

	May 31,				
	2019		2018		
Current Assets	\$ 3,277,727	\$	3,374,911		
Capital Assets, net	 4,315,979		4,391,543		
Total Assets	7,593,706		7,766,454		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 698,458		1,190,337		
Current Liabilities	1,004,619		996,167		
Non-Current Liabilities	 22,084,642		8,019,181		
Total Liabilities	 23,089,261		9,015,348		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 368,165		1,232,797		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,619,147		3,577,652		
Restricted	1,891,778		1,730,497		
Unrestricted	(20,676,187)		(6,599,503)		
Total Net Position	\$ (15,165,262)	\$_	(1,291,354)		

# **Change in Net Position**

The following table provides a summary of the Village's changes in net position as of:

	May 31,				
	2019	2018			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 4,438,323	\$ 4,142,613			
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,052	3,636			
Capital Grants and Contributions	69,860	129,171			
Total Program Revenues	4,510,235	4,275,420			
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes	2,050,546	2,005,749			
Other Tax Items	2,714,110	2,660,439			
Non-Property Taxes	469,139	371,942			
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	25,974	23,023			
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	33,885	62,841			
Unrestricted State Aid	58,279	66,633			
Miscellaneous	17,649	31,971			
Total General Revenues	5,369,582	5,222,598			
Total Revenues	9,879,817	9,498,018			
EXPENSES					
Program Expenses					
General Government Support	1,486,952	1,314,108			
Public Safety	2,214,009	2,279,877			
Health	2,500	5,000			
Transportation	1,075,093	1,199,661			
Economic Opportunity and Development	2,850	1,900			
Culture and Recreation	478,096	499,659			
Home and Community Services	5,117,105	4,181,116			
Interest	22,693	24,047			
Total Expenses	10,399,298	9,505,368			
Change in Net Position	(519,481)	(7,350)			
Net Position					
Beginning, as reported	(1,291,354)	(210,724)			
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	(13,354,427)	(1,073,280)			
Beginning, as restated	(14,645,781)	(1,284,004)			
Ending	\$ (15,165,262)	\$ (1,291,354)			

#### **Governmental Activities**

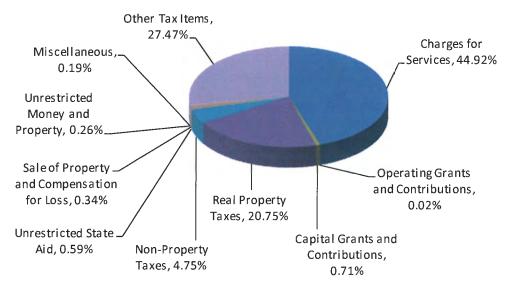
Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$519,481 net of the impact of GASB Statement No. 75.

For the year ending May 31, 2019, the Village's OPEB obligations of \$18,786,847 reflected as a liability on the government-wide financial statements and accordingly was the prime factor in the decrease in total net position.

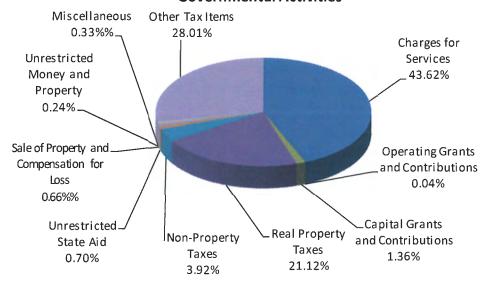
For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$9,879,817. Program revenues are 44.92% of this total and 52.97% is attributable to taxes and other sources. The major changes are as follows:

Charges for services increased by \$295,710 mostly due to sales related to the Water Fund.

# Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2019 Governmental Activities



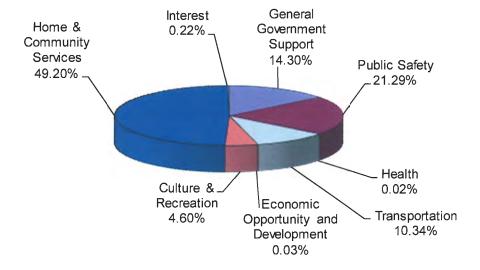
# Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2018 Governmental Activities



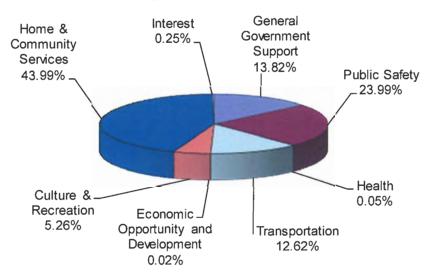
For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$10,399,298 or \$893,930 more than the major changes are as follows:

 Decrease in Home and Community Services was due to the increase in the purchase of water and for the installation of smart water meters.

# Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2019 Governmental Activities



# Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2018 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

## Fund Balance Reporting

It is noteworthy to report that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued its' Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in February 2009. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 54 are effective for financial statements for periods ending May 31, 2011 and moving forward. GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

### Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,158,648. Of the total, \$1,891,778 is restricted, \$266,870 is unassigned.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There was a \$350,000 increase in the revenue budget and no change between the original adopted budget and the final budget for the expenditures in the General Fund. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$44,060 less than the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources were less than the final budget by \$276,936. The major area where revenues were more than the final budgetary estimates was in other financing sources transfers in from the Water Fund by \$285,043.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

The Village has invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and sanitation equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water and sewer lines. For the Village's governmental activities its capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation was \$4,315,979.

The following table represents a summary of the Village's capital assets as of:

		2019		2018		
<u>Asset</u>						
Land	\$	478,000	\$	478,000		
Buildings		225,898		253,481		
Infrastructure		3,134,328		3,155,880		
Machinery and Equipment		477,753		504,182		
Total (net of depreciation)	<u>\$</u>	4,315,979	\$	4,391,543		

## Long Term Debt/Short-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total outstanding serial bonds of \$515,000 and installment purchase debt of \$181,832.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marcus Serrano, Village of Buchanan, 236 Tate Avenue, Buchanan, New York 10511.

Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,513,815	
Investments		836,457	
Receivables			
Taxes, net		119,970	
Accounts		208,477	
Water rents		488,975	
Due from other governments		110,033	
Capital assets			
Not being depreciated		478,000	
Being depreciated, net		3,837,979	
Total Assets		7,593,706	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		698,458	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		718,655	
Accrued liabilities		36,467	
Due to retirement systems		75,630	
Unearned revenues		169,059	
Accrued interest payable		4,808	
Non-current liabilities  Due within one year		171,491	
Due in more than one year		21,913,151	
Total Liabilities		23,089,261	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		368,165	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for		3,619,147	
Capital projects		384,558	
Repairs		442,286	
Pension benefits		836,457	
Parklands		228,477	
Unrestricted		(20,676,187)	
Total Net Position	\$	(15,165,262)	

Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2019

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities	•	•						
General government support	\$	1,486,952	\$	283,412	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		2,214,009		74,812		-		-
Health		2,500		-		-		-
Transportation		1,075,093		-		-		69,860
Economic opportunity and development		2,850		_		_		_
Culture and recreation		478,096		207,687		190		-
Home and community services		5,117,105		3,872,412		1,862		-
Interest		22,693	_	-	***************************************			-
Total Governmental								
Activities	\$	10,399,298	\$	4,438,323	\$	2,052	\$	69,860

General Revenues

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Payments in lieu of taxes

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Non-property taxes

Non-property tax distribution from County

Utilities gross receipts

Franchise fees - Cable TV

Unrestricted use of money and property

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Unrestricted State aid

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

#### **NET POSITION**

Beginning, as reported

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

Beginning, as restated

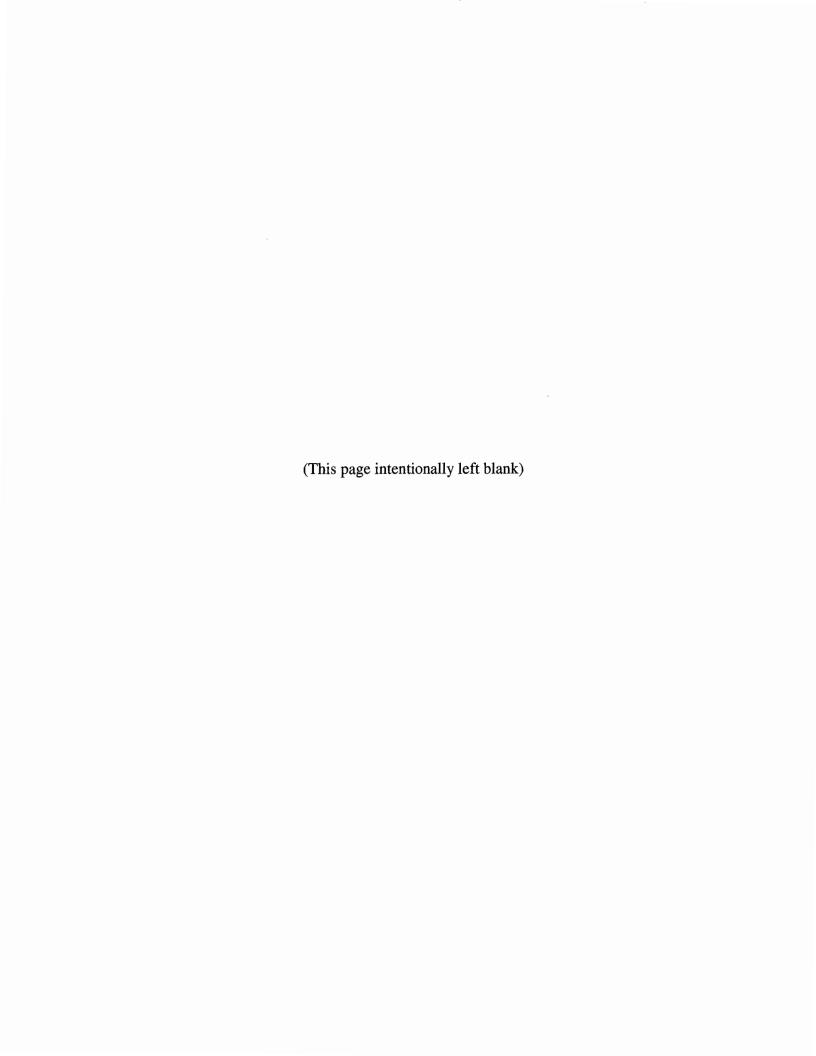
Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
\$	(1,203,540) (2,139,197) (2,500) (1,005,233)					
	(2,850) (270,219) (1,242,831) (22,693)					
	(5,889,063)					
	2,050,546					
	2,710,508 3,602					
	360,452 85,111 23,576 25,974 33,885 58,279 17,649					
	5,369,582					
	(519,481)					
	(1,291,354)					
	(13,354,427)					
	(14,645,781)					
\$	(15,165,262)					

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2019

	General	Water	Special Purpose
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 416,889 836,457	\$ 528,141	\$ 190,532
	1,253,346	528,141	190,532
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes	119,970		
Other receivables Accounts Water rents Due from other governments Due from other funds	208,477 - 110,033	- 488,975 - 2,466	- - - 37,945
	318,510	491,441	37,945
Total Assets	\$ 1,691,826	\$ 1,019,582	\$ 228,477
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Due to other funds  Total Liabilities	\$ 90,490 35,455 75,630 169,059 46,716	\$ 628,165 1,012 - - - 629,177	\$ - - - -
Deferred inflows of resources Real property taxes	119,268		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	536,618	629,177	
Fund balances Restricted	888,338 266,870	390,405	228,477
Unassigned  Total Fund Balances	1,155,208	390,405	228,477
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,691,826	\$ 1,019,582	\$ 228,477

Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 378,253 -	\$	1,513,815 836,457
378,253		2,350,272
 -	E-E-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A	119,970
- - - 6,305		208,477 488,975 110,033 46,716
6,305		854,201
\$ 384,558	\$	3,324,443
\$ - - - - -	\$	718,655 36,467 75,630 169,059 46,716
-		1,046,527
_		119,268
_		1,165,795
384,558	***************************************	1,891,778 266,870
 384,558		2,158,648
\$ 384,558	\$	3,324,443
 551,555		0,027,770



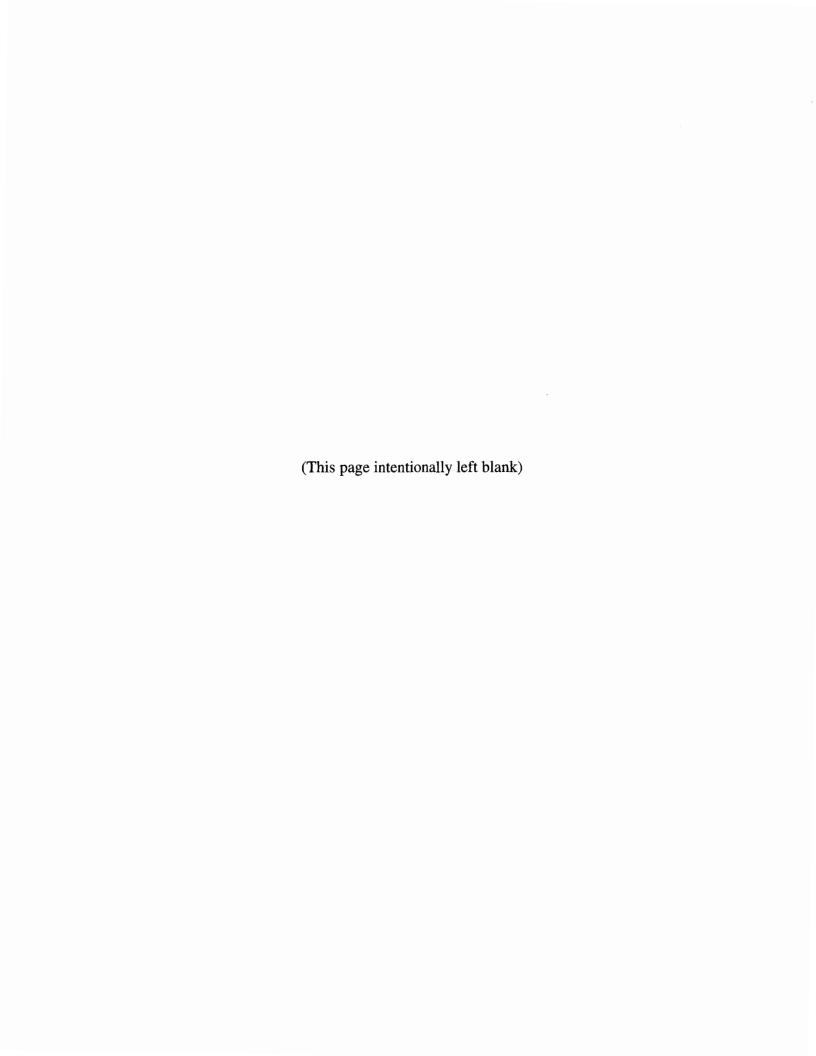
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2019

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,158,648
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,315,979
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension liabilities and other post employment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	255,327
Deferred amounts on other post employment benefit obligations	74,966
	330,293
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes	 119,268
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(4,808)
Bonds payable	(515,000)
Installment purchase debt payable	(181,832)
Compensated absences	(480,970)
Net pension liability	(850,566)
Total pension liability	(1,269,427)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (18,786,847)
	 (22,089,450)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (15,165,262)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2019

	General		Water	Special Purpose
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits	\$ 2,031,596 2,714,110 469,139 698,273 26,232 17,520	\$	3,693,049 1,138	\$ - - - 190
Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Miscellaneous	 29,481 33,885 58,279 17,649		466	 
Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES	 6,096,164	_	3,694,653	 190
Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest Capital outlay	1,089,527 1,357,670 2,500 515,364 2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,764,991 149,219 22,896		3,370,589 37,583	- - - - - - - -
Total Expenditures	 6,392,005		3,408,172	 <u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(295,841)		286,481	190
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Installment purchase debt issued Transfers in Transfers out	689,957 (200,000)		- - (689,957)	 - - -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	489,957		(689,957)	 _
Net Change in Fund Balances	194,116		(403,476)	190
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	961,092		793,881	228,287
End of Year	\$ 1,155,208	\$	390,405	\$ 228,477

Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 2,031,596 2,714,110 469,139 4,391,322 27,560 17,520 29,481		
69,860	33,885 128,139 18,115		
69,860	9,860,867		
- - - - - - 217,639	1,089,527 1,357,670 2,500 515,364 2,850 297,597 4,559,980 1,802,574 149,219 22,896 217,639		
217,639	10,017,816		
(147,779)	(156,949)		
32,160 200,000	32,160 889,957		
	(889,957)		
232,160	32,160		
84,381	(124,789)		
300,177	2,283,437		
\$ 384,558	\$ 2,158,648		



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended May 31, 2019

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(124,789)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay expenditures  Depreciation expense		
		225,539 (301,103)
		(75,564)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Real property taxes		18,950
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of deb principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Installment purchase debt issued		(32,160)
Principal paid on bonds Principal paid on installment purchase debt		65,000 84,219
Fillicipal paid off installment purchase debt		
		117,059
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		203
Pension obligations Compensated absences		(170,912) 53,026
Other post employment benefit obligations		(337,454)
		(455,137)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(519,481)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Water Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2019

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid Miscellaneous	\$ 2,063,531 2,723,499 347,000 472,200 3,000 26,450 25,000 62,400 64,000 277,200	\$ 2,063,531 2,723,499 347,000 472,200 3,000 26,450 25,000 62,400 64,000 277,200	\$ 2,031,596 2,714,110 469,139 698,273 26,232 17,520 29,481 33,885 58,279 17,649	\$ (31,935) (9,389) 122,139 226,073 23,232 (8,930) 4,481 (28,515) (5,721) (259,551)
Total Revenues	6,064,280	6,064,280	6,096,164	31,884
EXPENDITURES  Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest	1,013,110 1,325,900 2,500 697,200 3,000 347,195 1,137,625 1,878,000 74,775 9,975	1,118,182 1,372,723 2,500 515,364 2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,818,558 149,219 22,896	1,089,527 1,357,670 2,500 515,364 2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,764,991 149,219 22,896	28,655 15,053 - - - - - 53,567
Total Expenditures	6,489,280	6,489,280	6,392,005	97,275
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(425,000)	(425,000)	(295,841)	129,159
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	625,000 (200,000)	975,000 (200,000)	689,957 (200,000)	(285,043)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	425,000	775,000	489,957	(285,043)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	350,000	194,116	(155,884)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year		(350,000)	961,092	1,311,092
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,155,208	\$ 1,155,208

Water Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	-
	3,175,840 15,000	3,175,840 15,000	3,693,049 1,138	517,209 (13,862)
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
		_	466	466_
	3,190,840	3,190,840	3,694,653	503,813
	-	_	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	- 2,521,840	- 2,518,818	3,370,589	- (851,771)
	44,000	37,511	37,583	(72)
	_	-	-	-
	-	-		
	2,565,840	2,556,329	3,408,172	(851,843)
	625,000	634,511	286,481	(348,030)
	- (625,000)	(984,511)	(689,957)	294,554
	(625,000)	(984,511)	(689,957)	294,554
	-	(350,000)	(403,476)	(53,476)
	-	350,000	793,881	443,881
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 390,405	\$ 390,405

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2019

		Agency		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	85,270 3,570		
Total Assets	\$	88,840		
LIABILITIES Deposits	<u>\$</u>	88,840		

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2019

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Buchanan, New York ("Village") was established in 1928 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Manager serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

#### B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. The Village has elected to treat each governmental fund as a major fund as provided by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments". Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

## **Fund Categories**

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Water Fund - The Water Fund is used to record the water utility operations of the Village which renders services on a user charge basis to the general public. The major revenue of this fund is departmental income.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of trust agreements.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is used to account for employee payroll tax withholdings and various other deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions.

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability, total pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

## Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

**Cash and Equivalents** - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Village's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

**Investments** - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and established a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

#### **Length of Service Awards Program Investments**

**Fire Service Awards Program** - The program allows investments in accordance with a prudent person rule. Investments consist of insurance contracts backed by an insurance company with a credit rating of Aa2. The investments are priced using Level 1 inputs.

#### **Risk Disclosure**

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Village does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2019.

**Credit Risk** - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Village does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

**Property Taxes Receivable** - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of Village taxes and also has the responsibility for conducting tax lien sales and in-rem foreclosure proceedings.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

**Due From/To Other Funds** - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2019, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Class	111104.0
Buildings and improvements	5-40
Infrastructure	10-60
Machinery and equipment	5-10

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental funds balance sheet.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Unearned Revenues** - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported unearned revenues of \$169,059, which includes \$147,376 for the unexpended portion of a prior year donation for recreational purposes, \$12,887 for New York State aid for clock maintenance and \$8,796 for other revenues received in advance in the General Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

(	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
		•	
\$	219,020	\$	181,092
	336,411		164,166
	68,061		22,907
	74,966		_
***************************************			
\$	698,458	\$	368,165
	<u>of</u>	Outflows of Resources  \$ 219,020  336,411  68,061 74,966	Outflows of Resources  \$ 219,020 \$  336,411  68,061 74,966

The Village reported deferred inflows of resources of \$119,268 for uncollected taxes in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The Village also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3D.

**Long-Term Liabilities** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

**Compensated Absences** - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities, as applicable. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

**Net Pension Liability** - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provision of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

**Total Pension Liability** - The total pension liability represents the Village's liability for its Length of Service Awards Program ("LOSAP"). The financial reporting of this amount is presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68".

**Net Position** - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, repairs, pension benefits and parklands. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

**Fund Balance** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Village Board of Trustees for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Village Treasurer for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represent amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The Village has not implemented an encumbrance system.

## G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is November 26, 2019.

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 31st, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General and Water funds.
- f) Budgets for the General and Water funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose Fund.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also requires a majority vote by the Board.
- h) Appropriations in the General and Water funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

## B. Property Tax Limitations

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2018-2019 was \$7,280,305, which exceeded the actual levy by \$5,216,774.

In addition to this constitutional tax limitation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes a local government may levy. The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

## C. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following categories of expenditures exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

General Fund:

Public Safety -

Police \$ 4,297

Employee Benefits -

Police retirement 1,840

Water Fund:

Home and Community Services:

Pumping, supply and power 499,263 Transmission and distribution 352,508

Employee Benefits -

Social security benefits 72

In addition, the Water Fund exceeded the entire appropriations budget by \$557,289.

## D. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governments by establishing standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. This statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the government-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of (\$13,354,427).

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consisted of the following:

Village taxes - Current year Tax liens and overdue taxes	\$ 36,513 84,134
Total Taxes	120,647
Less - Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (677)
Taxes Receivable	\$ 119 970

Taxes receivable in the fund financial are also partially offset by deferred tax revenues of \$119,268, which represents the taxes receivable which were not collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2019 were as follows:

Fund	Due From		Due To	
General	\$	_	\$	46,716
Water		2,466		_
Special Purpose		37,945		-
Capital Projects		6,305		_
	\$	46,716	\$	46,716

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

## C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance June 1,						Balance May 31,
	2018	,	Additions	С	eletions		2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated -	 		- Caracteria		0.00.0110	_	
Land	\$ 478,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	478,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,990,873	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,990,873
Infrastructure	8,096,636		185,479		-		8,282,115
Machinery and equipment	 1,464,617		40,060		36,950		1,467,727
Total Capital Assets,							
being depreciated	 11,552,126		225,539		36,950		11,740,715
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	1,737,392		27,583		-		1,764,975
Infrastructure	4,940,756		207,031		-		5,147,787
Machinery and equipment	 960,435		66,489		36,950		989,974
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 7,638,583		301,103		36,950		7,902,736
Total Capital Assets,							
being depreciated, net	\$ 3,913,543	\$	(75,564)	\$		\$	3,837,979
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,391,543	\$	(75,564)	\$	-	\$	4,315,979

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 11,283
Public Safety	15,496
Transportation	238,136
Culture and Recreation	15,363
Home and Community Services	 20,825
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 301.103

## D. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended May 31, 2019:

	Balance as Reported June 1, 2018	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle*	Balance as Restated June 1, 2018	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance May 31, 2019	Due Within One-Year
General Obligations Bonds Payable	\$ 580,000	\$ -	\$ 580,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$ 515,000	\$ 65,000
Installment Purchase Debt	233,891	-	233,891	32,160	84,219	181,832	58,491
Compensated Absences	533,996	-	533,996	-	53,026	480,970	48,000
Net Pension Liability - ERS/PFRS	491,718	-	491,718	358,848	-	850,566	-
Total Pension Liability - Fire							
Length of Service Awards Program	1,159,576	-	1,159,576	114,626	4,775	1,269,427	
Other Post Employment							
Benefit Obligations Payable	5,020,000	13,354,427	18,374,427	886,237	473,817	18,786,847	
	\$ 8,019,181	\$ 13,354,427	\$ 21,373,608	\$ 1,391,871	\$ 680,837	\$ 22,084,642	\$ 171,491

<sup>\*</sup>See Note 2D

Each governmental fund's liability for general obligations bonds payable, installment purchase debt payable, compensated absences, net pension liability for ERS/PFRS, total pension liability for Fire-Length of Service Awards Program, and other post employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

## **General Obligations Bonds Payable**

General obligations bonds payable at May 31, 2019 are comprised of the following individual issue:

		Original				Amount utstanding
Purpose	Year of Issue	Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	a	at May 31, 2019
Public Improvements	2016	\$ 700,000	October, 2025	3.25 - 3.50 %	\$	515,000

Interest expenditures of \$18,575 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$18,255 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## Installment Purchase Debt Payable

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of two police vehicles. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$67,038 in annual installments of \$10,853 through July 2018 including interest at 5.95%. This loan was satisfied during the current fiscal year.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the cost of a dump truck. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$65,553 in annual installments of \$13,826 through October 2020 including 2.73% interest.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the cost of one police vehicle and one general use vehicle. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$60,905 in annual installments of \$16,571 through November 2020 including 5.95% interest.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of a police vehicle. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$32,160 in annual installments of \$7,289 through October 2022 including interest at 6.60%.

The Village entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of various energy efficient equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of the principal amount of \$125,000 in annual installments of \$25,000 through August 2022 with no interest.

Interest expenditures of \$4,321 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund Interest expense of \$4,438 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

The balance due at May 31, 2019 on these various installment purchase debt obligations was \$181,832.

#### Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of May 31, 2019 including interest payments of \$73,093 are as follows:

Year Ending		Obligations onds	Installment Purchase Debt	Tc	otal
May 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 65,000	\$ 16,544	\$ 58,491 \$ 4,195	\$ 123,491	\$ 20,739
2021	70,000	14,350	60,103 2,583	130,103	16,933
2022	70,000	12,031	31,405 884	101,405	12,915
2023	75,000	9,538	31,833 456	106,833	9,994
2024	75,000	6,912		75,000	6,912
2025-2026	160,000	5,600		160,000	5,600
	\$ 515,000	\$ 64,975	\$ 181,832 \$ 8,118	\$ 696,832	\$ 73,093

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, employees covered by the Local 456 International Brotherhood of Teamsters contract may accumulate an unlimited amount of sick time. Upon retirement, these employees will be compensated for a sliding scale percentage of unused sick time at their current salary level up to a maximum of 180 days. Employees covered under the Police Association contract can accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of 185 days and are also paid on a sliding scale percentage of unused sick time at their current salary level. Vacation time for all employees can be accumulated to a maximum of 10 days. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Pension Plans**

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about\_us/financial\_statements\_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2019 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	4 A15	15.7%
	5 A15	12.9
	6 A15	9.2
PFRS	2 384D	24.0

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At May 31, 2019, the Village reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and PFRS:

	 ERS		PFRS
Measurement date	<b>Ma</b> rch 31, 2019	M	larch 31, 2019
Net pension liability Villages' proportion of the	\$ 391,569	\$	458,997
net pension liability	0.0055265 %		0.0273691 %
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	(0.0004567) %		(0.0021744) %

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$238,702 for ERS and \$302,263 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$210,964 for ERS and \$237,523 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds.

Fund	 ERS	, <u></u>	PFRS
General Water	\$ 196,565 14,399	\$	237,523
	\$ 210,964	\$	237,523

At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ERS			PFRS				
		eferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
	C	Outflows		Inflows	(	Outflows		Inflows
	of F	Resources	of I	Resources	of I	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,108	\$	26,285	\$	111,503	\$	49,006
Changes of assumptions		98,424		-		166,766		-
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		-		100,498		-		91,926
Changes in proportion and differences between								
Village contributions and proportionate								
share of contributions		8,979		54,309		17,021		23,234
Village contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		34,509		-	***************************************	41,121		
	\$	219,020	\$	181,092	\$	336,411	\$	164,166

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Total			
	Ĺ	Deferred		Deferred
	(	Dutflows		Inflows
	of F	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	188,611	\$	75,291
Changes of assumptions		265,190		_
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		192,424
Changes in proportion and differences between				
Village contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		26,000		77,543
Village contributions subsequent to the		ŕ		,
measurement date		75,630		_
		,		
	\$	555,431	\$	345,258

The amounts of \$34,509 and \$41,121 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	 ERS	 PFRS
2020	\$ 63,333	\$ 93,358
2021	(89,401)	(19,655)
2022	(17,362)	(723)
2023	46,849	50,925
2024	-	7,219

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2019 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation date as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to that measurement date. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2018	April 1, 2018
Investment rate of return	7.0%	* 7.0% *
Salary scale	4.2%	5.0%
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

<sup>\*</sup>Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7 1100011011	- Control
Domestic Equity	36 %	4.55 %
International Equity	14	6.35
Private Equity	10	7.50
Real Estate	10	5.55
Absolute Return Strategies	2	3.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	5.68
Real Assets	3	5.29
Bonds and Mortgages	17	1.31
Cash	1	(0.25)
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	1.25

<sup>\*</sup>The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,712,001	\$ 391,569	\$ (717,688)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,658,747	\$ 458,997	\$ (542,933)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2019 measurement date were as follows:

	ERS		PFRS		Total	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	189,803,429,000 182,718,124,000	\$	34,128,100,000 32,451,037,000	\$	223,931,529,000 215,169,161,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$	7,085,305,000	\$	1,677,063,000	\$	8,762,368,000
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.27%		95.09%		96.09%

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31<sup>st</sup>. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2019 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through May 31, 2019 based on paid ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS within the General Fund as of May 31, 2019 were \$34,509 and \$41,121, respectively.

#### Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

#### Length of Service Award Program

The Village's financial statements are for the year ended May 31, 2019. However, the information contained in this note is based on information for the Length of Service Awards Program for the plan year ending on February 28, 2019, which is the most recent plan year for which complete information is available.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## Plan Description

The Village established a defined benefit Service Awards Program (referred to as a "LOSAP" – length of service awards program – qualifying under Section 457(e)(11) of the Internal Revenue Code) effective October 1, 1991 for the active volunteer firefighter members of the Village. This is a single employer defined benefit plan. The program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The program provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The Village is the sponsor of the program.

Under the program, participating volunteers begin to be paid a service award upon attainment of the program "entitlement age". The amount of the service award paid to a volunteer is based upon the number of years of service credit the volunteer earned under the program for performing active volunteer firefighter activities.

#### Participation, Vesting and Service Credit

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 18 and who have completed one year of firefighting service are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with five years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is age 65 with one year of Plan participation. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for 5 years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program as an active volunteer firefighter member of the Village.

#### Benefits

A participant's benefit under the program is the actuarial equivalent of a monthly payment for life equal to \$20 multiplied by the person's total number of years of firefighting service. The number of years of firefighting service used to compute the benefit cannot exceed forty years. Except in the case of disability or death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. The program provides statutorily mandated death and disability benefits.

#### Fiduciary Investment and Control

Service credit is determined by the governing board of the sponsor, based on information certified to the governing board by each fire company having members who participate in the program. The fire company must maintain all required records on forms prescribed by the governing board.

The governing board of the sponsor has retained and designated VFIS to assist in the administration of the program. The designated program administrator's functions include installation assistance in the following areas: specimen adoption agreement, specimen master plan, insurance applications, participant enrollment forms, explanation of benefits and benefit certificates provided at enrollment and every three years thereafter. In addition, VFIS provides the following administrative assistance: reminder letter to the Village with census for current

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

anniversary date, participant's benefit calculation at the time of termination or retirement for verification by the Village, schedule of benefits and costs, valuation and recommended deposit, summary of required contribution and actuarial review and recommended benefit enhancement.

Disbursements of program assets for the payment of benefits or administrative expenses must be approved.

Group	May 31, 2019
Inactive participants currently receiving benefit payments	1
Inactive participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits payments	12
Active participants	26
	39

#### Contributions

New York State General Municipal Law §219(d) requires the Village to contribute an actuarially determined contribution on an annual basis. The actuarially determined contribution shall be appropriated annually by the Village.

Measurement of Total Pension Liability

The total pension liability at the February 28, 2019 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of March 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 0.00%

Salary Scale: None assumed

Mortality – No pre-retirement mortality, post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.70%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

*Trust Assets*. Although assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust such that the assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with benefit terms, the trust assets are not legally protected from creditors of the Village. As such, the trust assets do not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73. The trust assets are recorded in the General Fund as investments and as a component of restricted fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in the Total Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Period	\$ 1,159,576
Service cost	36,445
Interest	42,904
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	60,093
Differences between expected and actual experience	(24,816)
Benefit payments	(4,775)
Total Pension Liability - End of Period	\$ 1,269,427

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total pension liability of the Village as of the February 28, 2019 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 3.70%, as well as what the Village's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.70%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.70%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	А	ssumption		Increase
	(2.70%)		(3.70%)		(4.70%)
Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,357,760	\$	1,269,427	\$	1,179,135

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$133,058. At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 68,061	\$ 22,907
	\$ 68,061	\$ 22,907

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village reported \$-0- as deferred outflows of resources resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date and this amount will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the plan year ended February 28, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	
2020	\$ 3,859
2021	3,859
2022	3,859
2023	3,859
2024	3,859
Thereafter	25,859

## Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At May 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	28
Active employees	18
_	46_

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$18,786,847 was measured as of May 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 1, 2018.

The total OPEB liability in the June 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.05%
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.0% for 2019, decreasing .5% per year to an ultimate
	rate of 5.0% for 2025 and later years

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of May 31, 2019.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 mortality table and MP-2016 projection.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 1, 2018 valuation were based on published municipal bond indices.

The Village's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended May 31, 2019 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 18,374,427
Service cost	243,084
Interest	553,194
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	89,959
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-
Benefit payments	(473,817)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 18,786,847

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.05%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.05%) than the current discount rate:

		1%		Current	1%				
	Decrease					Increase			
		(2.05%)		(3.05%)		(4.05%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	21,654,103	\$	18,786,847	\$	15,919,591			

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.0% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.0% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare				
	1%	Cost Trend	1%			
	Decrease	Rates	Increase			
	(7.0% decreasing	(8.0% decreasing	(9.0% decreasing			
	to 4.0%)	to 5.0%)	to 6.0%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,004,807	\$ 18,786,847	\$ 21,992,230			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$811,271 in the government-wide financial statements. At May 31, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	eferred outflows desources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	74,966
	\$	74,966

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

-	Year Ended May 31,	-	
	2020	\$	14,993
	2021		14,993
	2022		14,993
	2023		14,993
	2024		14,994
	Thereafter		_

## E. Revenues and Expenditures

#### Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

	Trans			
	General		Projects	
Transfers Out	Fund		Fund	 Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	200,000	\$ 200,000
Water Fund	 689,957			 689,957
	\$ 689,957	\$	200,000	\$ 889,957

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 2) move funds from the Water Fund to fulfill commitments for General Fund expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### F. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net position that has been established pursuant to Section 6d of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to pay the cost of major repairs to Village assets.

Restricted for Pension Benefits - The component of net position that has been set aside to be used for LOSAP pension benefits in accordance with Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Parklands - the component of net position that has been established pursuant to New York State law. This amount represents funds received by the Village in lieu of parklands as a condition precedent to the approval of a parcel by the Planning Board. These funds may be used only for recreational purposes.

*Unrestricted* - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2019

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# G. Fund Balances

		2019								2018											
		General Fund				- Purpose	Capital Projects Fund Total				Water Fund	•		Capital Projects Fund			Total				
	Restricted:																				
	Repairs	\$	51,881	\$	390,405	\$	-	\$	-	\$	442,286	\$	51,623	\$	390,405	\$	-	\$	-	\$	442,028
	Pension benefits		836,457		-		-		-		836,457		760,005		-		-		-		760,005
	Parklands		-		-		228,477		-		228,477		-		-		228,287		-		228,287
	Capital projects								384,558	_	384,558			_	-				300,177		300,177
	Total Restricted		888,338		390,405		228,477		384,558		1,891,778		811,628		390,405		228,287		300,177		1,730,497
	Assigned		-				-		-		-		_		403,476		-		_		403,476
77	Unassigned	_	266,870				_		-	_	266,870		149,464		_		-				149,464
	Total Fund Balances	\$	1,155,208	\$	390,405	\$	228,477	\$	384,558	\$	2,158,648	\$	961,092	\$	793,881	\$	228,287	\$	300,177	\$	2,283,437

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2019

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as restricted or assigned.

## Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

## A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year in which the payment is made.

## B. Risk Management

The Village purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability insurance coverage with a policy limit of \$3 million. The personal and advertising limit policies provide coverage up to \$1 million. The Village also participates in a workers' compensation public entity pool through the Public Employer Risk Management Association.

#### Note 5 - Tax Abatement

The Village has a real property tax abatement pursuant to New York Real Property Tax Section 485 which permits the exemption from taxation of nuclear powered electric generating facilities upon the adoption of a local law or resolution by any tax jurisdiction.

The Village received a PILOT from Entergy in the amount of \$26,240,000 over ten years with additional inflation payments in accordance with the Allowable Levy Growth Factor determined annually by the New York State Office of the State Comptroller. The PILOT contract contains a contingency for a step down in payments in case of plant closure which is currently being discussed as a possibility in 2021.

In addition, the Village has a water/sewer infrastructure agreement with Entergy to compensate the Village for costs related to Entergy's industrial-level use of the Village water supply, distribution system, sewer system and sewage treatment facilities. The Village does not levy taxes or assessments for water and sewer purposes. Entergy makes these annual payments distinct from and in addition to its obligation to make PILOT payments to the Village. The 2018-19 infrastructure payment was \$265,302.

\*\*\*\*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(3)

	2019
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 243,084 553,194 - 89,959 - (473,817)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	412,420
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	 18,374,427 (2)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 18,786,847
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,236,779
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	840%

#### Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2019 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
- (2) Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- (3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total Pension Liability - Service Awards Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	 2018*
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	\$ 36,445 42,904 60,093 (24,816) (4,775)	\$ 34,562 39,926 14,881 - (3,073)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	109,851	86,296
Total Pension Liability – Beginning of Year	1,159,576	 1,073,280
Total Pension Liability – End of Year	\$ 1,269,427	\$ 1,159,576
Village's covered payroll	N/A	N/A
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions or other inputs. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was based on the yield to maturity of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index and was as follows:

February 28, 2018: 3.72% February 28, 2019: 3.70%

(1) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68" to pay related benefits.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0055265%	0.0059832%	0.0057881%	0.0056321%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 391,569	\$ 193,105	\$ 543,865	\$ 903,964
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	\$ 1,430,276	\$ 1,463,184	\$ 1,400,911	\$ 1,406,385
of its covered payroll	27.38%	13.20%	38.82%	64.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 211,746	\$ 204,616	\$ 210,691	\$ 223,059
contractually required contribution	 (211,746)	 (204,616)	 (210,691)	 (223,059)
Contribution excess	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 
Village's covered payroll	\$ 1,394,336	\$ 1,497,232	\$ 1,413,626	\$ 1,416,980
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.19%	 13.67%	14.90%	15.74%

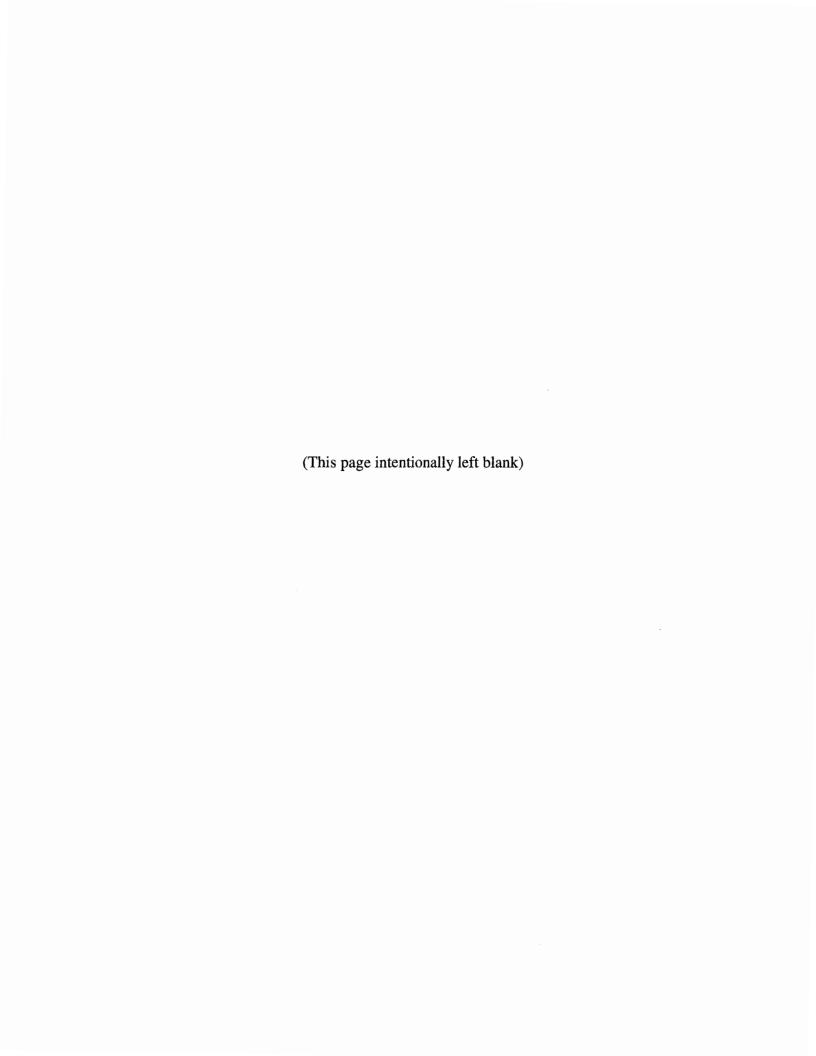
<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	2017	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.0273691%	 0.0295435%	 0.0277265%	 0.0265829%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 458,997	\$ 298,613	\$ 574,674	\$ 787,064
Village's covered payroll	\$ 1,033,616	\$ 995,894	\$ 1,052,655	\$ 942,526
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	44.41%	29.98%	54.59%	83.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.09%	 96.93%	93.46%	90.24%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 235,683	\$ 256,772	\$ 224,705	\$ 208,770
contractually required contribution	 (235,683)	 (256,772)	 (224,705)	 (208,770)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Village's covered payroll	\$ 980,211	\$ 1,031,844	\$ 1,055,021	\$ 940,301
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.04%	24.88%	 21.30%	22.20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

		General	Fire vice Awards Program
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	416,889	\$ -
Investments Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible		119,970	836,457 -
taxes of \$677 in 2019 and 2018 Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds		208,477 110,033	 - - -
Total Assets	\$	855,369	\$ 836,457
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	90,490 35,455	\$ -
Due to retirement systems		75,630	-
Unearned revenues Due to other funds		169,059 46,716	 · -
Total Liabilities		417,350	-
Deferred inflows of resources Real property taxes	<u> </u>	119,268	 _
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		536,618	 -
Fund balances Restricted Unassigned		51,881 266,870	836,457 -
Total Fund Balances		318,751	836,457
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	855,369	\$ 836,457

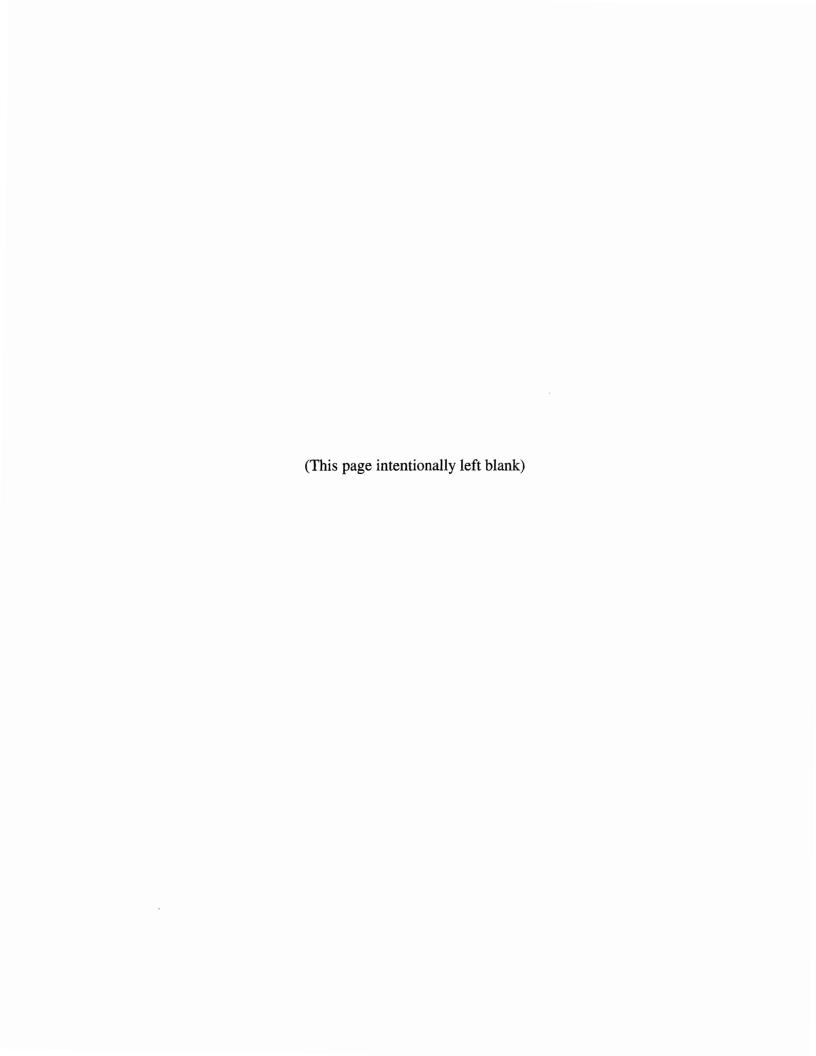
То	tals	
2019		2018
\$ 416,889 836,457 119,970	\$	118,250 760,005 100,318
208,477 110,033		317,989 111,549 7,474
\$ 1,691,826	\$	1,415,585
\$ 90,490 35,455 75,630	\$	112,869 - 74,572
 169,059 46,716		166,734 -
417,350		354,175
 119,268		100,318
536,618		454,493
888,338 266,870		811,628 149,464
 1,155,208		961,092
\$ 1,691,826	\$	1,415,585

General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Sub-Funds Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

REVENUES	Ge	neral		Fire ice Awards rogram	Elin	ninations
Real property taxes	\$ 2,0	31,596	\$		\$	_
Other tax items		714,110	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Non-property taxes		169,139		-		-
Departmental income	6	898,273		54,625		(54,625)
Use of money and property		2,995		23,237		-
Licenses and permits		17,520		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		29,481		-		-
Sale of property and compensation for loss		33,885		_		_
State aid		58,279		_		_
Miscellaneous		17,649				_
Total Revenues	6,0	72,927		77,862		(54,625)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government support		)89,527		-		
Public safety	1,3	356,260		1,410		-
Health		2,500 515,364		-		-
Transportation Economic opportunity and	•	15,304		-		-
development		2,850		_		_
Culture and recreation	2	297,597		_		-
Home and community services	1,1	89,391		-		-
Employee benefits	1,8	319,616		-		(54,625)
Debt service		10.010				
Principal	1	49,219		-		-
Interest		22,896				-
Total Expenditures	6,4	45,220		1,410		(54,625)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	13	372,293)		76,452		_
·		772,293)		70,432		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_					
Transfers in		89,957		-		-
Transfers out	(2	200,000)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources	4	89,957		_		
Net Change in Fund Balances	1	17,664		76,452		-
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year	2	201,087		760,005		_
End of Year	\$ 3	18,751	\$	836,457	\$	-

See independent auditors' report.

Totals						
2019	2018					
\$ 2,031,596 2,714,110 469,139 698,273 26,232 17,520 29,481	\$ 1,971,418 2,660,439 371,942 733,185 22,766 40,634 31,302					
33,885 58,279 17,649	62,841 68,779 31,971					
6,096,164	5,995,277					
1,089,527 1,357,670 2,500 515,364 2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,764,991	835,286 1,405,742 5,000 591,842 1,900 314,058 1,275,427 1,757,501 98,653					
22,896	23,047					
(295,841)	(313,179)					
689,957 (200,000)	625,000 (150,000)					
489,957	475,000					
194,116	161,821					
961,092	799,271					
\$ 1,155,208	\$ 961,092					



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet - Sub-Fund May 31,

		2019		2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	416,889	\$	118,250
Taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$677 in 2019 and 2018		119,970		100,318
Other receivables Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		208,477 110,033		317,989 111,549 7,474
		318,510		437,012
Total Assets	\$	855,369	\$	655,580
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Due to other funds	\$	90,490 35,455 75,630 169,059 46,716	\$	112,869 - 74,572 166,734 -
Total Liabilities		417,350		354,175
Deferred inflows of resources Real property taxes	-	119,268	West Assessment of the Control of th	100,318
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		536,618		454,493
Fund balance Restricted Unassigned		51,881 266,870		51,623 149,464
Total Fund Balance		318,751		201,087
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	855,369	\$	655,580

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Sub-Fund Years Ended May 31,

	2019						
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property	\$ 2,063,531 2,723,499 347,000 472,200 3,000	\$ 2,063,531 2,723,499 347,000 472,200 3,000	\$ 2,031,596 2,714,110 469,139 698,273 2,995	\$ (31,935) (9,389) 122,139 226,073 (5)			
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	26,450 25,000 62,400	26,450 25,000	17,520 29,481	(8,930) 4,481			
compensation for loss State aid Miscellaneous	62,400 64,000 277,200	62,400 64,000 277,200	33,885 58,279 17,649	(28,515) (5,721) (259,551)			
Total Revenues	6,064,280	6,064,280	6,072,927	8,647			
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government support Public safety Health Transportation	1,013,110 1,325,900 2,500 697,200	1,118,182 1,372,723 2,500 515,364	1,089,527 1,356,260 2,500 515,364	28,655 16,463 - -			
Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits	3,000 347,195 1,137,625 1,878,000	2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,818,558	2,850 297,597 1,189,391 1,819,616	- - - (1,058)			
Debt service Principal Interest	74,775 9,975	149,219 22,896	149,219 22,896				
Total Expenditures	6,489,280	6,489,280	6,445,220	44,060			
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(425,000)	(425,000)	(372,293)	52,707			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	625,000 (200,000)	975,000 (200,000)	689,957 (200,000)	(285,043)			
Total Other Financing Sources	425,000	775,000	489,957	(285,043)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	350,000	117,664	(232,336)			
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	_	(350,000)	201,087	551,087			
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 318,751	\$ 318,751			

2018							
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
\$ 2,005,722 2,667,352 349,000 436,900 3,000 29,450 25,000	\$ 2,005,722 2,667,352 349,000 696,900 3,000 29,450 25,000	\$ 1,971,418 2,660,439 371,942 733,185 1,977 40,634 31,302	\$ (34,304) (6,913) 22,942 36,285 (1,023) 11,184 6,302				
27,400 53,000 272,000	27,400 53,000 12,000	62,841 68,779 31,971	35,441 15,779 19,971				
5,868,824	5,868,824	5,974,488	105,664				
887,194 1,367,635 2,500 674,600	818,532 1,401,717 5,000 591,843	835,286 1,401,717 5,000 591,842	(16,754) - - 1				
3,000 327,095 1,183,125 1,817,000	1,900 314,058 1,274,746 1,814,328	1,900 314,058 1,275,427 1,812,002	(681) 2,326				
71,675 10,000	98,653 23,047	98,653 23,047	-				
 6,343,824	6,343,824	6,358,932	(15,108)				
 (475,000)	(475,000)	(384,444)	90,556				
 625,000 (150,000)	625,000 (150,000)	625,000 (150,000)	-				
 475,000	475,000	475,000					
-	-	90,556	90,556				
 		110,531	110,531				
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 201,087	\$ 201,087				

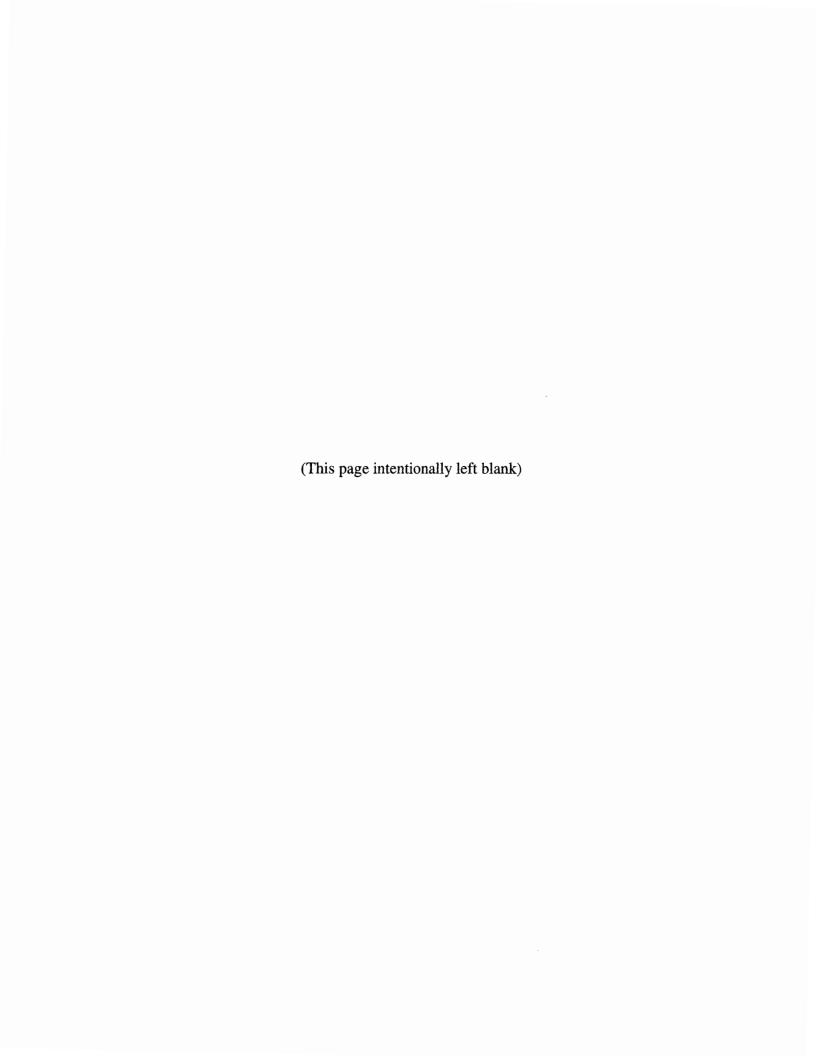
General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2018 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 2,063,531	\$ 2,063,531	\$ 2,031,596	\$ (31,935)	\$ 1,971,418
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Payments in lieu of taxes	2,710,499	2,710,499	2,710,508	9	2,657,361
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	13,000	13,000	3,602	(9,398)	3,078
	2,723,499	2,723,499	2,714,110	(9,389)	2,660,439
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Non-property tax distribution from County	330,000	330,000	360,452	30,452	351,850
Utilities gross receipts taxes	-	-	85,111	85,111	-
Franchise fees - Cable TV	17,000	17,000	23,576	6,576	20,092
	347,000	347,000	469,139	122,139	371,942
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
Town Clerk fees	500	500	140	(360)	2,840
Engineering fees	50,000	50,000	-	(50,000)	59,334
Police fees	5,000	5,000	330	(4,670)	460
Planning Board fees	3,000	3,000	600	(2,400)	400
Park and recreation charges	155,700	155,700	207,687	51,987	147,998
Zoning fees	2,000	2,000	500	(1,500)	750
Inspection fees	4,000	4,000	-	(4,000)	-
Sewer charges	170,000	170,000	155,375	(14,625)	188,177
Traffic control	60,000	60,000	45,451	(14,549)	50,249
DWI charges	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)	-
Indian Point agreement	-	-	265,302	265,302	260,100
Sewer services	20,000	20,000	22,888	2,888	22,877
	472,200	472,200	698,273	226,073	733,185

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USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY					
Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	2,995	(5)	1,977
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
	200	200		(200)	
Business and occupational licenses	200 250	250 250	423	(200) 173	- 411
Dog licenses Building and alteration permits	26,000	26,000	423 17,097	(8,903)	40,223
building and alteration permits	20,000	20,000	17,097	(0,903)	40,223
	26,450	26,450	17,520	(8,930)	40,634
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Fines and forfeited bail	25,000	25,000	29,031	4,031	30,902
Forfeiture of deposits	-	_	450	450	400_
	25,000	25,000	29,481	4,481	31,302
SALE OF PROPERTY AND					
COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Sale of equipment	2,000	2,000	300	(1,700)	650
Insurance recoveries	60,000	60,000	33,585	(26,415)	62,191
Other	400	400	<u>-</u>	(400)	-
	00.400	00.400	00.005	(00.545)	00.044
STATE AID	62,400	62,400	33,885	(28,515)	62,841
	18,000	18,000	17,867	(133)	17,867
Per capita Mortgage tax	42,000	42,000	40,412	(1,588)	48,766
Police - Stop DWI and Dare programs	1,000	1,000	40,412	(1,000)	40,700
Other	3,000	3,000	_	(3,000)	2,146
		0,000		(0,000)	2,110
	64,000	64,000	58,279	(5,721)	68,779
MISCELLANEOUS					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	_	_	_	-	21,458
Gifts and donations	265,200	265,200	-	(265,200)	
Other	12,000	12,000	17,649	5,649	10,513
	277,200	277,200	17,649_	(259,551)	31,971
TOTAL REVENUES	6,064,280	6,064,280	6,072,927	8,647	5,974,488
	Photo Control of the				

(Continued)



General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2019

(With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	2018 Actual
Transfers in Water Fund	\$ 625,000	\$ 975,000	\$ 689,957	\$	(285,043)	\$ 625,000
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 6,689,280	\$ 7,039,280	\$ 6,762,884	\$	(276,396)	\$ 6,599,488

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## Village of Buchanan, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2018 Actual
	\$ 39.200	ф <u>ЭЕ</u> ОЕ7	\$ 35.957	φ.	¢ 25.602
Town Board	,	\$ 35,957	'	\$ -	\$ 35,602
Town Justice	45,775 110,650	42,635	38,980	3,655	43,707
Manager	110,650	111,857	111,857	<del></del>	108,971
Mayor	8,100	7,634	7,634	-	8,159
Independent audit	35,000	33,948	33,948	-	33,464
Treasurer	178,100	174,406	174,406	-	169,342
Assessor	500	241	241	-	6,034
Town Attorney	81,575	93,166	93,166	-	78,222
Engineer	86,000	256,239	256,239	-	134,571
Elections	3,000	2,178	2,178	-	2,406
Buildings	174,910	162,936	162,936	-	168,623
Central garage	37,800	157,815	157,815	-	33,917
Municipal association dues	4,000	4,979	4,979	-	3,012
Metropolitan Transportation Authority payroll tax	8,500	9,191	9,191	-	9,256
Tax stabilization	25,000	25,000	-	25,000	-
Contingency	175,000		_	No.	
	1,013,110	1,118,182	1,089,527	28,655	835,286
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Police	1,043,300	1,086,911	1,091,208	(4,297)	1,120,370
Fire protection	282,600	285,812	265,052	20,760	281,347
	1,325,900	1,372,723	1,356,260	16,463	1,401,717
HEALTH Nursing services	2,500	2,500	2,500		5,000

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_		

TRANSPORTATION					
Street maintenance	534,200	405,150	405,150	_	469,130
Snow removal	85,000	84,763	84,763	-	76,447
Street lighting	78,000	25,451	25,451	-	46,265
-	697,200	515,364	515,364		591,842
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT					
Publicity	3,000	2,850	2,850		1,900
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Parks	87,700	69,063	69,063	_	95,847
Community center	182,320	147,792	147,792	_	141,805
Municipal pool	75,700	80,092	80,092	_	76,406
Town historian	1,475	650_	650	**	-
_	347,195	297,597	297,597		314,058
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Zoning Board of Appeals	149,800	134,200	134,200	-	134,007
Planning Board	19,700	28,861	28,861	-	32,220
Sewer system	96,000	101,458	101,458	-	80,074
Sewage treatment and disposal	551,200	604,798	604,798	-	632,435
Refuse and garbage	320,925	320,074	320,074	-	330,707
Clearance and rehabilitation	_				65,984
	1,137,625	1,189,391	1,189,391	_	1,275,427
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	-,,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Employees' retirement	212,000	197,347	196,565	782	191,177
Police retirement	258,000	235,683	237,523	(1,840)	253,258
Service awards program	55,000	54,625	54,625	-	54,501
Social security benefits	198,000	184,109	184,109	-	197,264
Workers' compensation benefits	175,000	191,574	191,574	-	158,785
Life insurance	25,000	20,139	20,139	-	22,093
Unemployment benefits	2,000	550	550	-	1,394
Hospitalization, medical and dental benefits	953,000	934,531	934,531		933,530
	1,878,000	1,818,558	1,819,616	(1,058)	1,812,002

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget - Sub-Fund (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

DEBT SERVICE	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2018 Actual
Principal Bonds	\$ 74,775	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000
Installment purchase debt		84,219	84,219	<del>-</del>	38,653
	74,775	149,219	149,219		98,653
Interest					
Bonds Installment purchase debt	9,975	18,575 4,321	18,575 4,321	-	20,450 2,597
	9,975	22,896	22,896		23,047
	84,750	172,115	172,115		121,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,489,280	6,489,280	6,445,220	44,060	6,358,932
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	200,000	200,000	200,000		150,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 6,689,280	\$ 6,689,280	\$ 6,645,220	\$ 44,060	\$ 6,508,932

Water Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

		2019		2018
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	528,141	\$	1,099,355
Receivables			*****	
Water rents Due from other funds		488,975 2,466		421,789 
		491,441		421,789
Total Assets	\$	1,019,582	\$	1,521,144
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	628,165	\$	636,981
Accrued liabilities	·	1,012		-
Due to other funds		-		90,282
Total Liabilities		629,177		727,263
Fund balance			,	
Restricted		390,405		390,405
Assigned		-		403,476
Total Fund Balance		390,405		793,881
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,019,582	\$	1,521,144

Water Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

		20	019	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Departmental income	\$ 3,175,840	\$ 3,175,840	\$ 3,693,049	\$ 517,209
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	1,138 466	(13,862) 466
Total Revenues	3,190,840	3,190,840	3,694,653	503,813
EXPENDITURES Current				
Home and community services	2,521,840	2,518,818	3,370,589	(851,771)
Employee benefits	44,000	37,511	37,583	(72)
Total Expenditures	2,565,840	2,556,329	3,408,172	(851,843)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	625,000	634,511	286,481	(348,030)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(625,000)	(984,511)	(689,957)	294,554
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(350,000)	(403,476)	(53,476)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		350,000	793,881	443,881
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 390,405	\$ 390,405

	20	018		Rich II	
Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$ 3,175,840 15,000	\$ 3,175,840 15,000	\$	3,337,492 887 706	\$	161,652 (14,113) 706
 3,190,840	 3,190,840		3,339,085		148,245
2,521,840 44,000	 2,521,840 44,000		2,264,954 45,345		256,886 (1,345)
 2,565,840	 2,565,840		2,310,299		255,541
625,000	625,000		1,028,786		403,786
(625,000)	(625,000)		(625,000)		
-	-		403,786		403,786
_	 		390,095		390,095
\$ _	\$ _	\$	793,881	\$	793,881

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Water Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2018 Actual
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME  Metered water sales	\$ 3,162,500	\$ 3,162,500	\$ 3,683,879	\$ 521,379	\$ 3,326,451
Water service charges	13,340	13,340	9,170	(4,170)	11,041
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	3,175,840	3,175,840	3,693,049	517,209	3,337,492
Earnings on investments	15,000	15,000	1,138	(13,862)	887_
MISCELLANEOUS					
Other	E-Harlanian communication and a	-	466_	466	706
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,190,840	\$ 3,190,840	\$ 3,694,653	\$ 503,813	\$ 3,339,085

Water Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actuals for 2018)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	2018 Actual
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					,	 
Pumping, supply and power	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 2,749,263	\$	(499,263)	\$ 2,106,520
Transmission and distribution	 271,840	 268,818	 621,326		(352,508)	 158,434
	 2,521,840	 2,518,818	3,370,589		(851,771)	2,264,954
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS						
Employees' retirement	13,000	14,399	14,399		-	14,627
Social security benefits	6,500	10,694	10,766		(72)	7,587
Hospitalization, medical and dental benefits	 24,500	 12,418	 12,418		-	23,131
ı	 44,000	 37,511	37,583		(72)	 45,345
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,565,840	2,556,329	3,408,172		(851,843)	2,310,299
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out General Fund	625,000	984,511	689,957		294,554	625,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND						·
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 3,190,840	\$ 3,540,840	\$ 4,098,129	\$	(557,289)	\$ 2,935,299

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2019	2018		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 190,532 37,945	\$	190,342 37,945	
Total Assets	\$ 228,477	\$	228,287	
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 228,477	\$	228,287	

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

	 2019	2018
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$ 190	\$ 154
EXPENDITURES	 -	 -
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	190	154
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	228,287	 228,133
End of Year	\$ 228,477	\$ 228,287

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2019			2018		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$	378,253 6,305	\$	255,314 44,863		
Total Assets	\$	384,558	\$	300,177		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	384,558	\$	300,177		

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

	2019		2018		
REVENUES State aid Miscellaneous	\$	69,860 	\$	70,028 59,143	
Total Revenues		69,860		129,171	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		217,639		448,797	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(147,779)		(319,626)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Installment purchase debt issued Transfers in		32,160 200,000		60,905 150,000	
Total Other Financing Sources		232,160		210,905	
Net Change in Fund Balance		84,381		(108,721)	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		300,177		408,898	
End of Year	\$	384,558	\$	300,177	

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project through May 31, 2019

Project	Authorization	Expendi- tures and Transfers	Unexpended Balance
Reconstruction and resurfacing of various roads	\$ 2,157,123	\$ 2,082,417	\$ 74,706
Sludge tank roof repairs	130,357	130,357	-
Police vehicle	32,160	32,160	_
	\$ 2,319,640	\$ 2,244,934	\$ 74,706

Total Revenues	Fund Balance at May 31, 2019
\$ 2,463,076 134,256 32,160	\$ 380,659 3,899
\$ 2,629,492	\$ 384,558